

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Pathfinder Lubricants Inc.

(9 pages)

SECTION 1 – Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product: TROPIX-EP2

Product Use: Multi-purpose lubricating grease

Distributor: Pathfinder Lubricants Inc.
12118 Rowan Place, Unit 1118, Richmond, British Columbia, Canada, V6V 2S6

Emergency Telephone no. CANUTEC: 613-996-6666 (call collect) (CANUTEC)

SDS prepared by: Jimmy Tan, Telephone no. 604-273-9969; 1-800-363-6457
SDS prepared on: March 1, 2019

SECTION 2 – Hazards Identification

GHS Classification Not a hazardous substance or mixture

GHS label elements Not a hazardous substance or mixture

Other hazards None known

SECTION 3 – Composition/Information on Ingredients

| Chemical name | CAS no. | Concentration (%w/w) |
|---|------------|----------------------|
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic | 64741-88-4 | >= 50 - < 70 |
| Calcium carbonate | 471-34-1 | >= 10 - <20 |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | 68584-23-6 | >= 1 - < 5 |
| Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate | 26264-06-2 | >= 1 - < 3 |
| Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts | 61789-86-4 | >= 1 - < 5 |

SECTION 4 – First Aid Measures

SKIN CONTACT: Wash off with warm water and soap. If skin irritation persists call a physician.

EYE CONTACT: Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

INHALATION: If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

INGESTION: Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Eye irritation

Notes to physician: For specialist advice physicians should contact the Poisons Information Service.

SECTION 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

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| Suitable extinguishing media | Small fires | Carbon dioxide (CO ₂), Dry chemical, Dry sand |
| | Large fires | Foam, Water mist. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | High volume water jet | |
| Special hazards during fire fighting | Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes | |
| Further information | Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Keep away from fire, sparks and heated surfaces. Cool containers/tanks with water spray. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system | |
| Special protective equipment for firefighters | In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective flameproof clothing. | |

SECTION 6 – Accidental Release Measures

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures | Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. Material can create slippery conditions. Use non-slip safety shoes in areas where spills or leaks can occur. |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. |
| Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up | Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). |

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| | Shovel into suitable container for disposal. Large spills should be collected mechanically (remove by pumping) for disposal. |
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| SECTION 7 – Handling and Storage | |
| Handling procedures | Handle and open container with care. Heat only in areas with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Protect from contamination. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear suitable protective equipment. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep container closed when not in use. |
| Storage requirements | Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Store at room temperature in the original container. |

| SECTION 8 – Exposure Control/ Personal Protection | | | | |
|---|------------|----------------------------------|--|-----------|
| Components with workplace control parameters | | | | |
| Components | CAS no. | Value type (Form of exposure) | Control parameters/ Permissible concentration | Basis |
| We are not aware of any national exposure limit | | | | |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent refined heavy paraffinic | 64741-88-4 | TWA (Mist) | 0.2 mg/m3 | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWA | 0.2 mg/m3 | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWA (Mist) | 1 mg/m3 | CA BC OEL |
| | | TWA (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | CA AB OEL |
| | | STEL (Mist) | 10 mg/m3 | CA AB OEL |
| | | TWAEV (Mist) | 5 mg/m3 | CA QC OEL |
| | | STEV (Mist) | 10 mg/m3 | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA (Mist) | 1 mg/m3 | CA BC OEL |
| Calcium carbonate | 471-34-1 | TWAEV (total dust) | 10 mg/m3 | CA QC OEL |
| | | TWA | 10 mg/m3 (Calcium) | CA AB OEL |

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| | | TWA | 10 mg/m ³ (Calcium carbonate) | CA AB OEL |
| Engineering controls | Effective exhaust ventilation system. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | | | |
| Personal protective equipment | | | | |
| Respiratory protection | Breathing apparatus needed only when aerosol or mist is formed. Respirator with combination filter for vapour/particulate (EN141) | | | |
| Hand protection | Chemical resistant protective gloves | | | |
| Eye protection | Safety glasses with side shields | | | |
| Skin and body protection | Long sleeved clothing Protective suit | | | |
| Hygiene measures | Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep working clothes separately. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. | | | |

SECTION 9 – Physical and Chemical Properties

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| Appearance | Paste | Colour | Green |
| Odour | Mild, oily | Odour threshold | No data available |
| pH | Not applicable | Melting point | No data available |
| Boiling point/range | No data available | Flash point | >180°C |
| Evaporation rate | Not applicable | Upper explosion limit | No data available |
| Lower explosion limit | No data available | Vapour pressure | Not applicable |
| Relative vapour density | Not applicable | Relative density | No data available |
| Density | 0.95-1.05 g/cm ³ (25°C) | Solubility-water | Negligible |
| Solubility-other solvents | Partly soluble Solvent: organic solvents | Partition coefficient n-octanol/water | No data available |
| Auto-ignition temperature | No data available | Decomposition temperature | No data available |
| Viscosity, kinematic | Not applicable | Self-Accelerating decomposition temperature | Method: No information |

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| | | (SADT) | available |
| Oxidizing potential | No information available | | |

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| SECTION 10 – Stability and Reactivity | |
| Chemical stability | No decomposition if stored and applied as directed |
| Incompatible materials | Oxidizing agents |
| Reactivity | No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | Hazardous polymerization does not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | Heat, flames and sparks. Contamination |

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| SECTION 11 – Toxicological Information | |
| Acute Toxicity: | |
| Product: | Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg (Calculation method) |
| Components: | <p>Calcium carbonate: Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 6,450 mg/kg</p> <p>Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate: Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit): >4,199 mg/kg (Based on data obtained from similar substances)</p> <p>Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts: Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat male and female): >5,000 mg/kg (Method: OECD Test Guidelines 401. GLP: yes) Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rabbit male and female): >4,000 mg/kg (Method: OECD Test Guidelines 402. GLP: yes)</p> |
| Skin corrosion/irritation: | |
| Components: | <p>Calcium carbonate: Rabbit: no skin irritation</p> <p>Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate: Rabbit: exposure time 4h. Skin irritation (Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances)</p> |
| Serious eye damage/ eye irritation: | |
| Product: | No eye irritation (Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances) |

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| Components: | <p>Calcium carbonate: Rabbit: no eye irritation</p> <p>Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate: Rabbit: risk of serious damage to eyes. (Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances)</p> |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization: | |
| Product: | Does not cause skin sensitization (Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances) |
| Components: | <p>Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., calcium salts: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans.</p> <p>Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts: Probability or evidence of low to moderate skin sensitization rate in humans.</p> |
| Reproductive toxicity: | |
| Components: | Calcium carbonate: Rat: oral: No toxicity to reproduction. No effects on or visa lactation. |
| Repeated dose toxicity: | |
| Product: | Information not available |
| Aspiration toxicity: | |
| Product: | No aspiration toxicity classification. |
| Further information: | |
| Product: | The product itself has not been tested. |

SECTION 12 – Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity:

Product: Toxicity to fish: No data available.

Components: **Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:**

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Pimephales promelas): 22 mg/L. Exposure time 96 h. Static test with no analytical monitoring. Method: OECD Test Guideline 203, GLP: no.
Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna): 2.5mg/L. Exposure time: 48h. Static test. Method: OECD Test Guideline 202, GLP: no.

Sulfonic acids, petroleum, calcium salts

Toxicity to fish: LC50 (Cyprinodon variegatus): >10,000 mg/L. Exposure time 96 h. Static test. Method: OECD Test Guideline 203, GLP: yes.

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 (Daphnia magna): >100mg/L. Exposure time: 48h. Static test. Method: OECD Test Guideline 202, GLP: yes.

Toxicity to algae: EbC50 (Green algae): >100 mg/L Exposure time 72h. Static test. No analytical monitoring. Method: OECD Test Guideline 201. GLP: yes.

ErC50 (Green algae): >100mg/L. Static test. No analytical monitoring. Method: OECD Test Guideline 201. GLP: yes.

Persistence and degradability:

Product: No data available.

Components: **Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:**

Readily biodegradable. Concentration: 10 mg/L. Testing period: 28 d. Kinetic: 28d. 73%. Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Sulfonic acids, petroleum calcium salts:

Not readily biodegradable. Aerobic. Inoculum: activated sludge. Biodegradation: 8.6%, Exposure time: 28d. GLP: yes.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Product: **No data available.**

Components: **Calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:**

Bioaccumulation: Species: Lepomis macrochirus. Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 104. Exposure time: 21d. GLP: no.

Mobility in soil:

Product: No data available.

Other adverse effects:

Product: Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: This mixture contains no substances considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT)

Additional ecological information: The product itself has not been tested.